

	Kaindl Info_E 6
Cutting Tools	
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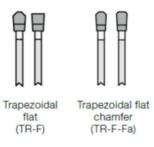
Cutting

Different factors are responsible for a good cutting result:

Decor side to the top (board dividing and format saws), proper saw blade projection, feed rate, tooth sharp, tooth division, speed, and cutting speed. Depending on the volume to be cut, carbide-tipped (HW) or diamond-tipped (DP) disk saw blades are used.

Format saws

Saw blades with the shapes trapezoidal flat tooth (TR-F) and/or trapezoidal flat chamfer (TR-F-Fa) achieve longer service lives at good cutting quality. Good edges on both sides can only be achieved by using a corresponding scoring tool.



Recommended cutting speed: 60-80 m/sec.

Feed rate per tooth: 0.03-0.08 mm

Board dividing saws

On board dividing systems the best results can be achieved using Leuco Unicut Plus saw blades. Tooth engagement on the decor side of the board if only this side is machined visibly. Good edges on both sides can only be achieved by using a corresponding scoring tool.

The saw blade projection must be set depending on the diameter:

Saw blade	projection
Ø 300 mm	ca. 20 mm
Ø 350 mm	ca. 25 mm
Ø 400 mm	ca. 25 mm
Ø 450 mm	ca. 30 mm

The recommended cutting speed is 70-90 m/sec. The upper value must be selected for diamond-tipped disk saw blades. A feed rate of 0.08-0.25 mm per tooth must be aimed at.



Shaping / edge machining

Tools with carbide-tipped or diamond-tipped blades must be used for shaping work. For HW swivel boards, it must be observed that a hard-wearing HW quality (recommended ISO standard K05) is used. HW quality HL Board 06 provides to be a well suitable quality during tests. When using joining cutters, tools in the shaft angle design are recommended.

Processing on stationary CNC machines

Common HW and DP shaft tools can be used. However, the following items must be observed:

Machine good side against the feed

Always select the highest possible diameter (low risk of vibration)

Clamping devices Use as-new collet chuck, hydraulic clamping system or shrinking

chuck in order to ensure precise and smooth tool movement

Tool Carbide-tipped or diamond-tipped blades

Diameter Select as high as possible; when shaping pockets or recesses, the

tool should be designed with base blade/drilling blade in any case

Cutting speed Depending on the diameter (10-30 m/sec)

Tooth feed rate 0.3-0.6mm, against the feed as far as possible

Clamping As low-vibration as possible, secure cut parts against falling down

Table- top cutter and cutters for tunnel machines

Tool Blade heads with carbide alternate boards or diamond tipped (DP)

cutter with herring-bone toothed blade position (shaft angle)

Diameter Select as high as possible

Cutting speed 50-60 m/sec

Example:

 Ø 100 mm
 >12.000 rpm

 Ø 125 mm
 >9.000 rpm

 Ø 150 mm
 >7.500 rpm

 Ø 180 mm
 >6.000 rpm

Tooth feed rate 0,6-0,8 mm, against the feed as far as possible



Chippers for tunnel machines

Tool Kaindl Chipboards can be machined accurately with the double

chipper procedure; in this, chippers with low cutting pressure are

recommendable

Cutting speed 80 m/sec

Tooth feed rate 0,08-0,15 mm with standard chipper

0,2-0,35 mm with Power Tec III chippers

Hand-held overhead cutter

Tool Carbide-tipped cutter or tools with HW alternate boards

Diameter Ø 10-25 mm

Cutting speed Up to 10-25 m/sec

Support As low-vibration as possible

Drilling

Clamping devices No-clearance supports with secure support

Tool The following are suitable

• Carbide-tipped (HW) drills

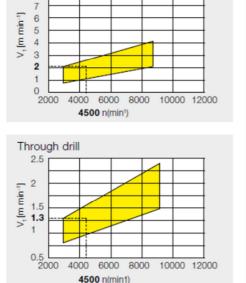
• Drills made of full-carbide (HWM)

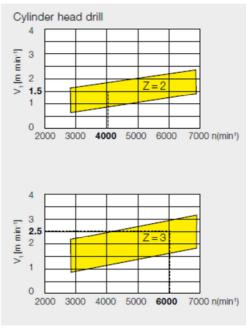
Feed rate 1,5-2 m/min Speed 4.500-6.000 rpm

Wall drill

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Speed graphs







Through-holes

• Drills with back guidance result in a better cutting edge.

Blinde holes

- · For visible drill holes, use a drill with centering pin and nickers
- Hole line bores with small diameters (Ø 2-3mm) can also be created very well using an HWM drill pin.

Fitting bores

- HW-tipped cylinder head drills Z=2 or Z=3
- Longer service lives are offered by alternate board cylinder head drills.

Aufgrund der Vielfältigkeit der Bearbeitungsmaschinen und der Komplexität der Aufgabenstellungen empfehlen wir die Abklärung der kundenspezifischen Anforderungen gemeinsam mit dem Werkzeughersteller Ihres Vertrauens.

Service life

The service life of the tools and the work result naturally depend on several factors, e.g. the material, the tool, and the machine. The values mentioned always are reference values only. No rights must be derived from these values. Due to the diversity of processing machines and different complexity of assignments, we recommend clarifying the customer-specific requirements together with a technical adviser.



Matrix: Cutting speed V_{c} depending on the tool diameter and the speed

Tool Diameter (in mm)	Cı	utting	speed	V _c in	m/sec	(specif	ied V _c -	Values	are ro	ounded	l appro	oximat	e valu	ies)
450	24	47	71	94										
400	20	40	60	80	100									
380	19	38	57	76	95									
360	18	36	54	72	90									
340	17	34	51	68	85	102								
320	16	32	48	64	80	96								
300 ¹⁾	15	30	45	60	75	90	105							
280	14	28	42	56	70	84	98							
260	13	26	39	52	65	78	91	104						
240	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96						
220	11	22	33	44	55	66	77	88	99					
200	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100				
180 ²⁾	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90				
160	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	96			
140	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	84			
120	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	72	90		
100	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	42	45	50	60	75	90	
80	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	36	36	40	48	60	72	84
60	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	35	45	54	63
40	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	24	30	36	42
20	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	15	18	21
10	0,5	1	1,5	2	2,5	3	3,5	4	4,5	5	6	7,5	9	10,5
Speed (n) of the tool shaft (min ⁻¹)	1000	2000	3000	4000	2000	0009	0002	8000	0006	10000	12000	15000	18000	21000

Examples:

- 1) HW disk saw blade Ø 300mm at 4000rpm: $V_c = 60$ m/sec.
- 2) WPL blade head Ø 180mm at 6000rpm: $V_c = 54$ m/sec.



Troubleshooting Support

Problem	Detection	Possible causes	Remedy
Material burns	- Smoke and odour	- Feed rate too low	- Increase feed rate
	development during	- Incorrect or no stop (saw)	- Improve saw guidance
	sawing cutting or	- Tool blunt	- Sharpen the tool
	drilling.	- Number of teeth and/or	- Use tool with proper
	- Dark discolouration	blades too high	number of teeth/blades
	of the core material	- Speed too high	- Reduce the speed
Cracking of	- Visual inspection of	- Saw/cutter blunt or ground	- Check tool and have it
cutting edges	the cutting edges	incorrectly	ground (properly)
		- Feed rate too high	- Reduce the feed rate
		- Incorrect height setting (saw)	- Set proper projection
		- Poor support of the board	- Check the tool guidance
		(shaping)	
		- Vibrations (shaping)	
Short service life	- Detection of the	- Tool ground improperly	- Have tool ground properly
of the tool	hours of operation, of	- Speed or feed rate too high	- Reduce speed or feed
	the cut meters, or the	- Incorrect height setting (saw)	rate
	number of drilled	- Incorrect tooth shape (saw)	- Set proper projection
	holes	- Incorrect blade geometry	- Use proper saw
		(drill)	- Use proper drills
		- Inappropriate cutting material	- Use quality tools
Scratches on the	- Visual inspection of	- Pushing the board over a	- Use a packing plate when
decor	the blade surface	rough surface	feeding the board
	3.2.3.2.3.2.3	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Use a stationary machine moving tool support



Application examples

Blank cut on mitre saw Individual board 16mm HW saw blade Ø 303 x 3,2 x &	ў 30 Z= 84 Tr-F-Fа			
$n = 4.000 \text{ min}^{-1}$ $Vc = 63 \text{ m/sec}$				
vf = 10-15 m/min	fz = 0,03-0,04 mm			

Blank cut on board dividing saw					
Package cut 4 x 25mm = 100mm					
DP saw blade Ø 450 x 4,8 x Ø 60 Z= 72 TR-F					
$n = 3.600 \text{ min}^{-1}$ $Vc = 85 \text{ m/sec}$					
vf = 20 m/min	fz = 0,08 mm				

Cutting on stationary CNC machine						
Board thickness 19mm						
DP shaft cutter Ø 20 x SL	DP shaft cutter Ø 20 x SL28, shaft Ø 25 x 55, GL 95mm					
Z = 3+3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
n = 20.000 min ⁻¹ Vc = 21 m/sec						
$vf = 8-10 \text{ m/min}$ $fz = \sim 0.17 \text{ mm}$						

The following formulas are applicable for calculating tooth feed rate and cutting speed:

$$Vc = \frac{D * \pi * n}{6000}$$

$$fz = \frac{\text{Vf} * 1000}{\text{Z} * \text{n}}$$

Vc...Cutting speed (m/sec)

fz... Tooth feed rate or feed rate per tooth (mm)

Vf...Feed rate (m/min)

D...Tool diameter (cm)

n...speed (min-1)

z...number of teeth



LEUCO TOOLS for machining Kaindl Chipboards:

UniCut Plus Disk saw blades for board dividing saws

Dimensions	Z	Machine	Cutting material	Tooth shape	ID no.
Ø 350 x 4,4 x Ø 30	72	SCM, Panhans, Mayer, Schelling, HOLZHER	HW	TR-FL	189897
Ø 350 x 4,4 x Ø 60	72	Holzma 72, HPP350	HW	TR-FL	189898
Ø 380 x 4,4 x Ø 60	60	Holzma	HW	TR-FL	191955
Ø 380 x 4,8 x Ø 60	72	Holzma Typ 380/83/82	HW	TR-FL	189901
Ø 400 x 4,4 x Ø 30	72	Schelling, Mayer Irion, Scheer, HOLZHER	HW	TR-FL	189899
Ø 400 x 4,4 x Ø 75	72	Giben Prismatic 1, Giben Starmatic, Homag CH08 und CH12	HW	TR-FL	189900
Ø 450 x 4,8 x Ø 60	72	Holzma	HW	TR-FL	189902

Disk saw blades for format saws

Dimensions	Z	Tooth shape	Cutting material	Design	ID no.
Ø 300 x 3,2 x Ø 30	72	Tr-F	HW Board 03	Low Noise	189684
Ø 303 x 3,2 x Ø 30	84	Tr-F-Fa	HW Board 06	Solid Surface	189531
Ø 303 x 3,2 x Ø 30	60	DA-D	HW Board 06		189690
Ø 303 x 3,2 x Ø 30	60	Tr-F	DP		189636
Ø 300 x 3,0 x Ø 30	100	G-5	HW Board 03	G5-Saw	189640

Cutters for table-top cutters and tunnel machines

Dimensions	Z	Cutting material	Comment	ID no.
Ø 125 x 43 x Ø 30	3+3	DP	DP joining cutter low noise	184029
Ø 125 x 43,5 x Ø 30	3	DP	DP joining cutter Smart Jointer for Homag	183926
Ø 125 x 48 x Ø 30	3+3	DP	DP p-system with extreme shaft angle	184071

CNC shaft cutter straight-edged

Cutting Ø/ Cutting lenght	ShaftØ x lenght	Total lenght	Number of blades	Cutting material	Comments	ID no.
Ø 12xSL 22	Ø12x40	69	1+1	DP diamond	Diamax	183444 RE
Ø 20xSL 28	Ø20x55	95	2+2	DP diamond	Diamax	183410 RE
Ø 20xSL 28	Ø25x55	95	3+3	DP diamond	High-performance cutter CM pos	183264 RE
Ø 48xSL 22	Ø25x62	85	4+2+4	DP diamond	High-performance cutter	181499 RE
Ø 25xSL 26,5	Ø25x55	105	2+2+1	DP diamond	p-system	184382 RE
Ø 60xSL 38	Ø25x55	105	4+4	DP diamond	p-system	184084 RE



Chippers for tunnel machines

Dimensions	Z	Cutting material	Comment	ID no.
Ø 250 x 23/14,5 x Ø 60	16+8+4	DP	PowerTec III Chipper CM DP	183450 RE
Ø 250 x 23/14,5 x Ø 60	36+18+9	DP	PowerTec III Cipper CM DP	183456 RE s
Ø 250 x 23/8 x Ø 60	54+27	DP	UniTec-Chipper CM DP	182034 RE s
Ø 250 x 23/24 x Ø 60	54+27+9+9	DP	UniTec-Chipper CM DP	182046 RE s

Through drill

Diameter mm	Design	LEUCO ID no. left	LEUCO ID no. right
Ø 5x 40, s Ø 10, GL70	VHW Mosquito	183153	183152
Ø 6x 40, s Ø 10, GL70	VHW Mosquito	183157	183156
Ø 8x 40, s Ø 10, GL70	VHW Mosquito	183157	183156
Ø 5x 30, s Ø 10, GL70	LEUCO Topline	178648	178649
Ø 8x 30, s Ø 10, GL70	LEUCO Topline	178650	178651

s Ø= shaft diameter, GL= total drill lenght

Wall drills/ blind holes / fitting drills

Diameter mm	Design	LEUCO ID no. left	LEUCO ID No. right
Ø 5x 30, s Ø 10, GL70	VHW Mosquito	182390	182391
Ø 6x 30, s Ø 10, GL70	VHW Mosquito	183149	183148
Ø 8x 30, s Ø 10, GL70	VHW Mosquito	183151	183150
Ø 5x 35, s Ø 10, GL70	LEUCO Topline	177798	177799
Ø 8x 35, s Ø 10, GL70	LEUCO Topline	177802	177803
Ø 25 x s Ø 10, GL70	HW-tipped Z=2	178980	172252
Ø 35 x s Ø 10, GL70	HW-tipped Z=2	178982	172254
Ø 25 x s Ø 10, GL70	WPL-design		182570
	Z=2+2		
Ø 25 x s Ø 10, GL57	DP diamond Z=2	182999	182998

s Ø= shaft diameter, GL= total drill lenght

Abbreviation

CNC 'Computerized numerical control'

DP Polycrystalline diamond

HC Coated carbide HS High-alloyed steel

HW Uncoated tungsten carbide HWM Drills made of full-carbide

SP Alloyed tool steel
TR-F trapezoidal flat tooth
TR-F-Fa trapezoidal flat chamfer

WZ alternate tooth